DEFENSIVE & COMPETITIVE BIDDING	
OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; 1/2 level; Reopenin	g)
Style: I level OC sound, occasionally light	
Responses: Jump raise PRE, Jump Q= mixed raise (not 443	2)
New suit at 2 level=NF, I and 3 level = F, Fit by PH	
(Ix) IM (D); TRF; RD=2M, 8+; 2NT/3♣=LR, 4/3M; 3◊=MxR	Ł
Reopening: 2x still looks like a real overcall	
INT OVE RCALL (2 nd /4 th live; Responses)	
Immediate: 15-18	
Responses: responses are same as opening	
Balancing: 11-16, 2♣ asks range, 2◊, 2♡, 2♣, 2NT = TRF	
4th Live: NAT (system on)	
JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT)
Style: Sound WJO ex FAV; Intermdiate JO at UNFAV only	
Responses: 2NT = Game try (asks shortness), CUE=GT,	_
NS=F (maybe LD); If doubled, RD starts TRFs but NT=NAT	-
Unusual NT: Lowest 2 unbid suits;	
Reopening: Jump overcall INTERMEDIATE, 2NT = 19-20	
DIRECT & JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Responses; Reopen)	
• ,	_
Style: (Im)-2m=♡+♠:Then: 3♠/3◊ resp=♡/♠ INV, 2NT=PU	
3♣; IM-2M = OM+m: Then: 2NT asks m, 3◊=INV M, 4◊=N sets up FP; 3♣ = NAT, 2NT then 3◊ = to play	٦,
(IM)-3M stop ask; $I(4 - 24/3)/44$) or $(I < 3/4)/44$ =NAT	
Reopening: Jump cue asks stop, 2 ⁺ cue=Ms; others=2-suit	er
VS. NT (vs. Strong / Weak; Reopening; PH)	
Vs WK (<16) DBL = PEN; FP thru 20,1 st DBL=coop T/O	
Vs STR (and BPH vs WK) DBL=5+m and 4(+)M except wh	en
opponents are NV	
2♣ = M's: 2◊ INQ longer; 3M=mixed; 3♣/3◊ INV♡ / ♠	
2�, 2♡=TRFs, 2♠=Good 2♠; 2NT=vs WK 19-21/vs STR ◊+	ŀ
(WK NT) -P-(2x)-DBL=Lead directing	
Reopening: Same	
Vs PREEMPTS	
T/O DBL thru 4♡, LEB after (2M)-DBL-(P) or (2M)-P-(P)-DI	
If dbler is PH, 2NT=NAT, not INV; (2M)-4m=5+m+OM, NF	
(2\$)-4*=5+*/5+M (6RKC); (2M)-3M stop ask;	
(3x)-3NT: 4♣=ART INQ; 4◊->4NT=TRFs)(7)	
VS ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS	
/I♣: DBL = Majors, NT = minors	_
After our OC, min NT=CUE, if 3 rd hand dbls, TRF advances	
Pass, then OC shows good hand	
2NT = L/R; jumps=PRE/M, Mixed/m; Pass-then-DBL = pure	

PEN; After (IM) DBL: 30 = mixed, TRFs starting with INT.

LEADS AND SIGNALS **OPENING LEADS STYLE** In Partner's Suit Lead Suit 3rd / Even, Low / Odd "Hi" from "weak" if raised; else 3rd/low NT 4th from interest 3rd Subs. Attitude Later honor leads include some Rusinow-like variations (13) LEADS Lead Vs Suit Vs NT Ace AKx Asks Attitude AKx, KQx Asks Unblock or Count King 0 KQ (10)x, Asks ATT Olx, AKO lack JI0(x), KJI0 QJxx+ (Q when short) 10 H109+, 109,10x HJ109+, J10++ 9 9x H109+, 109x+ Hi-x Sx Sxx, xSxx+, Sx Lo-x HxxxS; HxS(x);HxSxxx HxxS(x); HxS SIGNALS IN ORDER OF PRIORITY Partner's Lead Declarer's lead Discarding st Hi = ENCRG Hi = ENCRG suit Hi=Even 2nd Hi=Even S/P Hi=Even 3rd st Hi = ENCRG Smith Hi = ENCRG 2nd Hi=Even S/P Hi=Even Hi=Even 3rd S/P Signals (including trump): STD Remainder CT First discard: normally Attitude, Count, S/P if important. STD Smith Signal vs NT (hi=ENCRG), occasional Obvious Shift, Trump signal occ SP; 3-way signal in known long suit DOUBLES **TAKEOUT DOUBLES (Style, Responses; Reopening)** Style: Support for unbid suits quite sound; or very strong **Responses:** Cue F until suit agreement **Reopening:** might be light with appropriate shape SPECIAL, ARTIFICIAL & COMPETITIVE (RE-)DBLS NEG DBL thru 4♥; Snapdragon. RESP DBL thru 4♠, including (1x)-1y-(1NT)-DBL Maximal Overcall DBL to 3M Support DBL through 2M (not over INT Overcall) Supp RD Most low level DBLs are T/O Opener's Dbl of INT(direct, BAL or as resp to Dbl) =T/O After our Im: short in om; after our IM: short \Diamond or \clubsuit)

Dbl of fit raise = not penalty , good hand or game try Lead-related, SPL, Raise Dbls See also (6)

WBF Convention Card



Category: Natural – GREEN
NCBO: USA
Event: 2021 Bermuda Bowl
Players: Nick Nickell-Ralph Katz
SYSTEM SUMMARY
GENERAL APPROACH AND STYLE
5 card Majors (rarely 4 cards in 3 rd /4 th), 1M-1NT= F1
Avoid opening bad BAL hands 1st/2nd
INT Opening: 15-17 (liberties 3rd seat NV)
2 over I RESP: FG
SPECIAL BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE DEFENC
OPENINGS:
3NT= minor preempt
4♣=strong 4♥; 4♦=strong 4♠
3 rd seat can be light, usually with a good suit
Flannery 2♦(4♠ and 5+♥, about 11-16)
RESPONSES:
BUPH: INV, NAT jump shifts ex 1M-3♣=limit raise;
P-1M; 2♣ Reverse Drury, FIT; 3♣=NAT
Mixed Raise (7-9 Dummy Points)
Mixed Raise (7-9 Dummy Points)
COMP:
Some NF bids/raises where DBL/cue-bid available
Im-(INT)-2m=majors
I♣-(I◊): DBL=both Ms; Im (I♥) I♠ =5+♠; DBL=4♠
Invitational Jump Shifts (not 1m-3♠)2 and 3 level BUPH), Same jumps by PH = FIT
IM-(DBL): TRFs, 3&=INV good suit; 3>=MR, 2NT=LR+
/DBL, 2NT: Scramble (forced to bid), else LEB (leb /WK
(I♣)-2♣/3♣=NAT; I♣-(2♣/3♣=NAT) we use TRFs; DEFENSE vs MULTI 2♦: see (9)
SPECIAL FORCING PASS SEQUENCES
If FP applies, then Dbl = weakest, Pass = better, Bid =
Strongest, Pass then pull = suggests no slam
If "ownership" unclear, no FP unless strong logic o/wise
DBL of INT creates FP thru 20 (normally)
IMPORTANT NOTES THAT DON'T FIT ELSEWHERE
In GF, 3-level bids intended as searching for best strain
PSYCHICS: Rare, 3 rd seat fav can be very light

U N	IF 1A	S S	BL -				
OPENING	TICK IF	MIN. # OF CARDS		DESCRIPTION	RESPONSES	SUBSEQUENT AUCTION	PH & COMP BIDDING
*		3	4♡	Longest suit UNBAL 11+,	IM may bypass equal/longer ◊	INT rebid may conceal 4M with 3(4)m	PH: FIT jumps
				BAL 12-14, 18-19	INT=6-10; 2NT=GF,1M possible,12+ - 14(15-) or 18-19(4); 3NT=15+-17	/INT rebid:2 ♣ =PUP2◊; 2◊=GF INQ; 2NT=PUP3 ♣ ; I♣-1♡, INT-2 ≜ =44,INV	4thSF only if reverse
				I♣ with 33 minors,	2 ♣= 4+ ♣ ,I0+; 2♦/2M=INV	ART rebids /reverse; 4 th suit FG ex I♣-I♦; I♥- I♠ = <4♠,II+ FI while 2♠ = NAT GF.	COMP:
				Judgment with 44 minors	3♣=Mixed; 3x=PRE	/IM rebid 4th suit jump=55 INV	Im - (IM) - 40m = Texas
١٥		3	4♡	See I 🎝	NT bids as over I ♣; 2♣=NAT, FG (2) 2♦=4+◊,10+; 2M & 3♣=NAT,INV 3♦=Mixed; 3M=NAT, PRE	See I♣ for most continuations I े-3♣; 4♣-4◊=RKC♣ ART rebids /jump 2NT and 3NT rebid	m-2m: ln COMP) m-(3x)-4NT=NAT m-(P,D,OC)- I NT-(2x);2NT=LEB-like
١۵		5(4)	4◊	May be 4-card suit 3 rd /4 th	IM:INT=SF; 2/IM FG ex very clear misfit	IM-INT-2&=NAT or ART 16+ Gazzilli	PH: Reverse DRURY-2M=no interest
					2♣=NAT or various BAL (occ 2♣ & 5◊);	IM-INT-2NT = 5/5 or 6/4 GF, 3 & asks	FIT jumps except 3 & NAT
					2♠=NAT, INV; 2NT=Jacoby GFR ; 3♣=ART LR; 3M =MR; 3◊ = NAT, INV 3♠=some mini-SPL 4m & 3NT=♠ are sound SPLs;4NT=RKC	IM-INT-2x-3NT= SPL M, raise, NF if x=m I♡-INT-2♠(NAT INV), then TRF by resp; IM-2/I RESP- 3x/4ml Jump Shift=SPL, min+ I♡-3♡:3♠=Any SPL: relay; NS=NAT(3NT=♠)	COMP: I♡-(I♠/2x)-2NT= GF 4-trump raise and cue=3-card raise. Comp over Jacoby 2NT (4) Comp over IM-(P)-INT (3)
		5(4)	4 ◇	May be 4-card suit 3 rd /4 th	Most as over 1 \heartsuit	IM-3♣:3◊=ST w/ 2 nd suit, 3OM=some void,	IM-(Dbl): 30=Mixed;INT->2M=TRFs;
				See I♥	3♡ = NAT, INV; 4♡=SPL	3NT/4m=SPL: relay-LMH	2NT=4-trump LR+
						I♠-3♠:3NT=Any SPL: relay-LMH, NS=NAT	Cue is 3-card LR or weak GF
INT			3♠	15-17 (may be very good 14)	NF STAY, JTB, Texas, Smolen	INT-2 ♣ -2 ◊: 3M = 4M, 5+OM; 2♥=weak Ms	COMP: /2M:TRF LEB (5); COMP DBL
				May have 5M, 6m, SPL K(Q)	2♠=Range ask or ♣; 2NT=♦;	INT-2�,2♡-2♠=PUP 2NT, INV+, 5♡	/PEN D, RD=◊or♣; /ART D, RD=F2NT
				At Fav Vul may be weaker	3♣=asks 5M or KQ10x (or better); 3♦ = 5/5+ ♣=♦; 3♡/3♠ =1-3-(5-4) bid 4M4♣=Gerber; 4♠=Baron	Super-accept TFR: 3M=best/2NT=3 trumps After TRF m: NS=SPL, 4M=5M6m; 4m=KC	System on over DBL + thru most opp 2♣ Texas if a jump; TRF /3♣; Switch Ms /3◊ After 4 th seat COMP (5)
2*	\checkmark	0		STR, ART, F 2NT or 3M	2◊/2♡/2♠ = Control responses; 2NT = 6x with 3 of top 4,+10; 3x = TRFs, same as 2NT but no10; 3NT=solid suit	2 * -2◊; 2 * -3 * = 2 nd negative 2 * -2◊;3M = 4M+ primary ◊ 2 * -2◊;2♡=NAT or 25+ BAL, then 2 * =INQ Some switch rebids after ART 2M GF resps	/Dbl: RD=ART GF; /2x: DBL=ART GF Reopening /2x: DBL=T/O, CUE=2 suits
2\$	\checkmark	0		Flannery (I)	2NT asks, 4m=fit for M, spl in OM. 3M=less than LR	After 2NT, 4♣=Puppet ST; 4♦=ART signoffs; 4♥ through 5♣ = ART KC for suits up the line	2NT by PH=NAT NF Many ART INV(+) bids in COMP (1)
2♡		6(5)		Weak 2, Fairly Sound	3m=F4m; 2♠=NF; 2NT=INQ; 3♠=FG 4♣=Special BW (/2♠,2♠ opening also)	/2NT: 3♣=ART mini, others=suit quality	TRFs after 2M-(Dbl) starting with RD: 2NT=FI, 4OM=NAT, 4NT=KC Jump NS=Fit, Lead, involves opener;
2♠		6(5		Weak 2, Fairly Sound	3♥=FG; 2NT=INQ else as over 2♥;	/2NT: as over 2♥	After OC: non-jump NS=NF, Fit jumps
2NT				20-22- BAL or quasi-BAL, May have 5M, 6m, SPL H	STAY, JTB, Texas,Gerber,4\u00e9/4NT=Quant 3 \u00e8=1 or 2 minors->3NT usual by Opener, M TRF then m=om	HIGH LEVEL	BIDDING
					Smolen; Super-accepts; COMP: NEG D/Ms,TRFs /3♣, Switch Ms /3◊	Some DBL KC situations; When a minor is agre over 4m) 4NT opening= regular Blackwood.	ed the KC ask is normally Redwood (I
3x		7(6)		NAT, may be weak Fav	NS=FI. Special BW; 3♣-3◊=3-cd Stayman (switch Ms) or big ◊or 6M/2+♣;	4♣ Special Blackwood over PRE 2◊/2M/3◊/3M: Interference with our KC ask (8) ; Quant 4NT (Quant 4♠ (4NT=WK, 5♣->5♡=BW responses)	5 ♣ =0-3, 5◊=1,5♡=2 Aces, then 5NT=SO);
3NT	\checkmark	7(8)		Minor Preempt	Minor bids are P?C	In GF m auctions 4NT is never RKC; it is LT or	
4m	\checkmark			4 ♣ =4♥; 4♦=4 ≜ strong	Cheap step=slam interest		

NOTE (1) Flannery 2♦ (4♠/5+♥, 11-16)

- 2 → 2M Signoff, usually 2♥ with 3♠ + 2♥: now 3m by opener is 3+m, 3♥=6
 - 2N Inquiry
 - 3 Signoff
 - 3• INV
 - 3M Constructive less than a LR
 - 4m ST in corresponding major with shortness in other major
 - 4**♣=♥** 4♦ =♠

NOTE: With 16 HCP, opener can bid again over 2M response

3m	Singleton (or void with minimum). Could be 4-6
3♥	4-5-2-2 minimum
3♠	4-5-2-2 maximum
ЗN	4-5-2-2 with cards in both m's (4531 stiff K OK for 3M or 3N)
4m	4-card om, ok for slam, now 4N is Straight Blackwood
4¥	5-6 minimum
-4N	KC in hearts
-5♣	KC in spades
	3♥ 3≜ 3N 4m

Over any of opener's rebids below 4m:

- Bid 4. puppet to 4., then make a natural slam try
- Bid 4+ puppet to 4*, then pass or place the contract
- Bid 4♥ thru 5♣ as KC, ALWAYS in up-the-line suits

These bids are ON in COMP if there is room to make ALL of them

2♦ - 2N; 3m - 3N;	4♣	4-6 MAX
	4	4-6 Puppet to 4♥
	4♥	4-6 MIN with Ax or Kx in the two- or three-card minor

We may pass 3NT with 4-6 when the hearts are weak

4NT is KC for ♥ over any of the above.

- 2♦ 2N; 3♣ 3♦ Natural and forcing
- 2♦ 4M; 5m Void

When responder is a Passed Hand:

- 2♦ 2N (BPH) INV, NAT, NF. Opener can bid 3m = 4-5-4, NF, 4m = 4-5-4 F, and good ♥ suit, 3♠ = 4-6, F, 4♥ = 5-6
 - 3• (BPH) Strongest game try in major

Flannery in Competition

NOTE: We give up on minors in COMP

2↓ 2↓ 2↓ 2↓ 2↓	(2♥) (2♠) (3♠) (3♠) (3♦)	DBL DBL DBL 3♦ DBL		INV in an unspecified M PEN vs NAT, vs ART = in an unspecified M PEN INV in an unspecified M INV in an unspecified M
2•	(DBL) RD Pas 3m 3M 2NT			Willing to play 2♦ RD, hope to penalize 2♠ or 3♣ Attempt to play GT in corresponding M Preemptive Same as w/o COMP
2♦ DBL	(2♥)	DBL	(3m)	Opener doubles his RHO's 3m bid with a singleton in that m
2 • DBL	(P)	2N	(3m)	"They stole my bid" - opener is short in m

When they overcall 2NT, whatever it means: We bid 3 =; 3 =

If our responder can bid 2N: we play "system on" (4*/4*/4*->5*)

If our responder can't bid 2N: we bid 秦 = ♥; ♦ = ♠)

Competitive auctions impacted by Flannery

- 1♥ (3♦) DBL Usually 5♠ or 4♠ and 5+♣
- 1♥ (2m) DBL Usually 5♠: better to raise to 2♥ on two as opener will rebid 2♠ with 36

1♥ (P) 1♠ (2m); 2♠ is always three cards, so our Support Double of 2m shows 2-card ♠ support and an extra-value hand. Bidding 2♥ over 2m does not deny 2-card ♠ support.

NOTE (2) 1 +- 2*

When the 2^{sh} bidder is a PH, then we use natural groping methods.

Blackwood in a Minor

1♦ - 2♣, 2 Any - 4♣ is KC for Clubs

<u>Other:</u>

- When we establish a fit in one minor, 4m+1 is KC for that minor.
 - \circ This applies when it is a jump or not.
 - (EXCEPTION: When 4m+1 is a bid in the opponents' suit, it is a splinter or a cuebid, not KC. Then: 4m + 2/3 = KC)
- When have established a fit in a minor and also an 8-card fit in Hearts, then 4♥ is NAT, and we have no KC for the minor.
- When partner has previously bid hearts and $4 \forall$ sounds playable, then +2 = KC.
- When we splinter in support of a minor, then 4NT is KC.

1♦	-	2♣,	
2♦		,	5+ diamonds, denies 4 spades
2♥			BAL, weak or strong (see below for follow up)
2♠			5+ diamonds and 4+ spades (may be 4450)
2NT			4441 or SPL for clubs, weak or strong (See below for follow up)
3♣			4+ support. (May have 4-card M) Then:
			3♦ is a grope.
			3M is 4-card suit.
			4♦ is BW.
			4M is SPL.
3♦			NAT, 1-loser suit or better. Then, 3M = stopper.
3M			SPL, 4+ Club fit, 15-17, no 4-card M
3NT			4441, 15-17, HOWIE
4♣			See 6-5 section
4♦			See 6-5 section
4M			See 6-5 section
4NT			4441, 20-21, Pass or bid KC at 5-level in any suit
1♦	-	2♣,	

1 🗸	-	27 ,	
2♦	-	27	Natural. May have 4-card M
		2♠	ART (2♦ denied 4 spades), denies 4 hearts. See responses below.
		2NT	12-14 or 18-19. Denies 4 hearts. BAL but could be short in diamonds
		3♣	Suit oriented
		3♦	Diamond support, BAL, any strength
		3M	SPL, Diamond support
		3NT	15-17 BAL, but could be short in diamonds

1	-	2 ♣ , 2 ♠ ,	ART Hearts and spades stopped, 12-14 or 18-19 3 clubs or honor-doubleton 6+ diamonds Stopper, no stopper in OM Hearts and spades stopped, 15-17					
1↓ 2♥		2♠, 2≜ 2NT 3♣ 3♦ 3M 3NT	BAL, weak or strong. Denies 5 diamonds. Then: ART, requests 2NT. See below for follow up NAT, 12-14 or 18+. Then bid Naturally 6+, suit-oriented 2245 SPL, 4+ D support, denies 4-card OM NAT, 15-17, could be short in diamonds					
		1∙ - 2♥ - 2NT	2♣, 2♠, ART, requests 2NT Both Majors stopped or 3343. Then, 3♣ 6+, NT oriented 3M 4					
		ЗМ	4M and no stopper in OM (responder may raise with 3)					
1 ↓ 2 ★	-	2 ≜ ,	 5+ diamonds and 4+ spades. Then: 2NT = NAT, 12-14 or 18+. Then, opener's 3♥ = 4450. Responder should usually bid 2NT with 4 hearts unless not interested in 4-4 heart fit. 3● 6+ 3● 3+ 3♥ 4th suit 3● 4 4▼ SPL 3NT 15-17 BAL 					
1♦ 3NT 4NT 2NT	-	4	 1441 15-17 1441 20-21, then Pass or bid KC in any suit 1441 12-14 or 18-19 or 22+ Or a splinter with club support Asks. Then: 3					

Memory Prompter for 4441 Hands

After 1♦-2♣, opener bids as follows:

12-14	2NT then 3	
15-17	3NT	
18-19	2NT then 3NT	
20-21	4NT	
22+	2NT then 4NT	
When we bid	3NT we play Howie.	

When we bid 4NT we either pass or bid KC in any suit or raise to 5NT INV.

NOTE (3) Interference over our F1 1NT response to 1M

1M D 2N Non-j Jump	um	o 3-	bid	1N	- 2x	T/O <i>or</i> Strong BAL w/o stopper ART, Competitive or Strong BAL w/ stopper Good hands Good 5-5, NF (w/ force bid 2N then 3 higher-ranking NS)
1M D			-	1N 2N 3y Jump CUE	- 2x	SCRAMBLE, to locate best strain; Then, Responder's 3N= 1 stop, CUE= partial stop Some Direction Good Values quasi-BAL, no stopper

Over Opener's ART 2N rebid, Responder bids $3 \pm w$ / better clubs than M (might be 1-2), NS = NAT, 3M = could be 2-2 in M & \pm . If Opener passes the overcall, Responder's reopening double is cooperative takeout: 2M(344), 22(54) and the like. If Opener bids 2N over D, it is NAT. Responder's 2N = NAT, but Opener can pull.

NOTE (4 Interference over Jacoby 2N

Opener: Pass = Weak or Extras, NS = SPL, CUE = SPL, NT = Good BAL or semi-BAL hand, D = PEN, 4M = minimum, good trumps, decent controls

If Opener passes: Responder's CUE = Serious ST; 3N = ST opposite real extras; D = PEN

NOTE (5) Interference over our 1N Opening

"Better Minor" Transfer lebensohl

1NT	-	2♠	-	2N	Bid better minor; Then, P or 3R = to play, 3♠ = 1♠+3♥ (4m = NF), 3N = ♠ stopper; 4♣=both minors, GF
			-	3*	To Play
			-	3 🔶	TRF♥, INV+
			-	3¥	GF, 1 or both minors
			-	Cue	SPĹ♠, 4♥, (4m=NF)
					w/o stop or ♥, opener bids 4♣ with 3+ or 4♦ w/4 great or 5; not GF. If 3♠ is doubled, Opener's pass = no stopper. Then, Responder's RD = good hand, 4m = NF
			-	3NT	NO M STOP (w/no stop, opener can bid as above. $4m = NF$)
			-	4x	As over 1N, except 4 v = desire to declare

Similar concepts over 2 vovercall.

Stayman 2. is Doubled

1NT 2♦ 2M RD Pass	- P	-	2♣	-	Dbl,	Club Stopper, no 4-card M Club Stopper and 4-card M GOOD Clubs No club Stopper, may have 4-card M (Smolen does not apply after opener denies a club stopper.)
	- P - P			-	Dbl,	Repeats Stayman. (RD should show that $2 \ge RD$ is ok if opener has the appropriate club holding. Otherwise, $3 \ge 1$ is also repeat Stayman.)

Stayman 3♣ is Doubled (over 1N-3♣ or 2N-3♣)

When 3^{sh} Stayman gets doubled, we bid assuming that we are in a game force if opener shows a stopper. If he denies a stopper, then 3-level bids are F1. A bid of 4m is NF.

NS	5-card suit (with or without stopper)
Р	Stopper
RD	no stopper and no 5-card suit

Responder always bids the major they have after a Pass, $3 \blacklozenge$ or RD. With both, Responder bids $3 \blacktriangledown$ so opener can bid $3 \clubsuit$ with 4. (After Puppet Stayman, both Majors are not possible.)

Responder can reopen with a RD over a pass, which shows nothing to bid. Opener should bid 3. on many hands and 3M looking for a 4-3.

NOTE: At 3-level, opener's pass has the opposite meaning than after 2. is doubled.

Interference after Jacoby Transfer

1N - P - 2R - D

Accepting TRF shows 3+ cards in M, minimum RD by Opener is 3(+)-card support and good hand; invites competition at 3-level.

After 2M or RD, SYSTEM ON

Opener *passes* over the D (less than 3M): No reTRFs after a D

After Opener passes the double, Responder bids:

- 2M To play
- 2N To play in 3m (responder has a weak two-suiter)
- 3R CUE, extreme hands
- 3m NAT, INV
- 4M To play

RD All good (non-extreme) hands.

RD, then any bid is same as if opener accepted the transfer.

RD, then bid of suit that was doubled is COG

1N	-	Р	-	2•	-	2♠	
Р	-	Р	-	D			Cards 7+ HCP, 2+♠
		•	-	2N			COMP, 1 or 2 suits. Opener usually bids 3♣, 3♥, or rarely, passes with very good ♠; Opener's 3♦ = 5/6 good
			-	3m/3	•		INV
			-	3♠			ST, including 1- and 2-suiters
			-	4♦			ReTRF
			-	4♥			Wants to play the hand

They Balance over our 1N

When we make a D that is not defined below as PEN, the meaning is T/O.

1N P	- P - - P -	P - 2x D 2NT	Takeout-oriented, 6-8 HCP, 1 or 2 trumps Then, opener's 2NTis to play Minors over 2M, shows 5 ≴ over 2♦
1N D	- P -	P - 2x	PEN vs ART (normally 5) D and NAT
1N P	- P- - P-	P - D RD NS	If D= PEN, Then: Scramble Natural
1N P	- P- - 2x	P - D	if D = Conventional, Then: if 2x=Preference or P/C, D = TO if 2x=ART, D = PEN; Now, Opener can make PEN D, 2 nd D by Responder=COMP
1N P	- P - - 2x -	P - D D	If D= PEN, Then: PEN
1N P	- P -	P - 2♣ P - P	Both M's
D	- 2111 -	I - F	PEN, behind the suits, therefore penalty $2 \frac{1}{2}/2 $
1N P	- P - - P -	P - 2♦ 2N	COMP, normally 5

NOTE (6) Special Doubles

Bergen, Drury, Similar ART Raises

1M - P - 3x (raise) - D

When 3x is weaker than LR, D is T/O of M When 3x is LR+, D = Save-oriented by UPH at FAV, else Lead Directing

Double of Drury = Lead-directing with length

Doubles of Splinter Bids

At favorable vulnerability suggests save, BUPH; otherwise, suggests lead in lower "unbid" suit; when there is only one "unbid" suit, D says don't lead the unbid suit.

When we double a splinter when the opponent's suit is a minor, it's lead directing.

D of ART SPL bid = NAT.

If we OC, and they SPL, our D shows support for the OC and invites cooperation.

Lead and Anti-lead Directing Doubles

When his side is CLEARLY out of the auction (4 level or higher), D by the player who has previously introduced a 5+-cd suit (or a raised suit) asks for the lead of another suit.

D of a slam calls for the lead of either:

Dummy's first-bid suit, a suit where the doubler can ruff, or When either of the first two options are illogical, for the lowest-ranking suit among the suits which are logical possible leads. This works best vs auctions like 2NTP-7N-D (& lead)

Out-of-the-blue doubles of 3N suggest lead of weakest (shortest) major.

Out-of-the-blue double of 6N asks for a ♣ lead, or a ♦ lead if clubs were bid strongly.

NOTE (7) Continuations over (3x) - 3NT

4♣ ART INQ, Then:

4 = Tricks (w/extras bid again over 4NT) (CUE is shortness for suit) 4 = 22-24 HCP, F6x; then 4NT = BW 0 or 3, 1 or 4, 2 w/min, 2 w/MAX 4 = 18-21 HCP, F 5NT; then, 4NT = BW 0 or 3,1 or 4,2 w/min, 2 w/MAX 4NT = 17 or less

After 4♥/4♠/4NT advancer uses 3-suit TRFs (4NT is not a TRF step): TRF into their suit = "good suit" Stayman. All TRFs = INV+. After TRF "take" advancer's cheapest non-NT = RKC; 3NT bidder's cheapest non-"take" bid (not NT) = RKC.

4 thru 4NT = TRFs. TRF to their suit asks 4-cd suits up the line (Q10xx or better). If Responder bids a NS it is forcing. TRF; Then 4NT is ST opposite 15-17

> 3♣ - 3NT - P - 4♦; P - 4♥ - P - 4NT NAT

Jumps to 5 level = RKC in the bid suit

NOTE (8) Interference with our Blackwood

If 4x (BW) is doubled: Pass denies control (P-P-RD re-asks); RD = "warning" about slam with strength in the doubled suit; other bids are normal KC steps with a control.

If the KC response is doubled: Pass denies control but shows sufficient KC (else sign off); RD shows control and sufficient KC for slam and asks for the TQ.

After the KC response is doubled and asker passes to deny control but shows sufficient KC: RD shows control but denies TQ; 6T shows control + TQ; others show control +TQ + other king.

NOTE (9) Vs Multi 2+

(2•) - ?

Pass D 2N 2M 3♣ 3♦ 3♥ 3♠ 3N 4m* 4M 4N*	14 17 N N N 5- S	Neutral, OR TOD of one M, or decent but not FG 2-suiter 14-16+ or 20+ (bid again) BAL, or sound 18+ UNBAL 17-19 (3♣ = Stayman, 3R = TRF, 3♣ = m's) NAT (2NT F1, cheap OM=ART, jump OM=NAT); Responsive DBLs NAT (3♠=ART, 3M NAT); Responsive Ds NAT (3♠=ART, 3M NAT); Responsive Ds NAT (3♠ NAT, 3♥ = ♥s or ♥ guard [then 3♠ = OK for ♥: Responder's 3N= ♥ guard, other = ♥]); Intermediate (3♠=ART) 5+m/5+S, FG (3N=NAT; 4♠ ASKs: 4♠=♠/4♥=♣/4♠=6+♠;4♠=S/T-m; 4♥=ST♠) NAT, tricks (TRF advances) 5+m/5+♥, FG (over 4m: cheapest = ST♥; next non-4N = ST-m; 4N = 6 RKC) Strong (cheap step KC0314-M, others: controls for M/4N over 4♥=♠ control) m's, sound					
2•	D	2♥*	2♠	NAT, NF: theoretically 5+♠ as D suggests 2+♠s			
2•	D	2M*	Pass DBL* 2N* 3♣* 3R* 3♣* 3N 4m 4M 4M	 NF: then D of CORRECTION is for TO At least INV values (9⁺), some defensive tolerance; If < FG: no SPL or 5M. If FG: stopper only in their BID M. M/4OM possible PUP to 3♣: "signoff" or FG with a m OR BAL w/ a stopper only in the UNBID Major. (follow-ups below). W/ the "signoff" type advancer will have about 6-9 HCP "Stayman": GF opposite 14-16 type; continuations after 2NT-3♣ TRF to 3R+1: at least INV (may be slightly lighter with ♥) ART FG with SPL in their BID M About 11-15 HCP, stoppers in both Ms. Strong INV NAT, DISTR (else 3R*) Blackwood, aces. 			
2♦	D 3 ∳ * 3 • * 3M	2M*	2N*	PUP to 3♣ 14-16 BAL (with "more" doubler does o/wise) ART, 20 ⁺ BAL GF (then: 3M= S PL, 4m = NAT/GF, 3N/4N = NAT) NAT, 18 ⁺ , UNBAL, GF (then: OM is a CUE, 4m is NAT)			
2◆	D 3 *	2M*	2N* Pass 3♦ 3♥* 3≜* 3N*	PUP to 3♣ Our route to 3♣ Expected to be the end GF with ♣ (corresponding minor) GF with ♦ (corresponding minor) BAL, GF, stopper only in M they did not bid			

2♦ P/2♠	D D SUIT	2M*	Pass	20+, cooperative TO (LEB advances) NAT, STR
2♦	D	P/RD	Pass 2M 2N* 3♣* 3R* 3♠* 3N 4m 4M 4N	[where Pass or RD is neutral or shows ◆] Willing to defend, may not be big ◆ stack NAT, Competitive strength ♠ (PUP to 3♠ when D =14-16: then 3♦ = FG, 3M = NAT) Stayman TRFs to 3R+1, INV+ 3NT bid, but no ◆ stopper About 11-15 HCP, stoppers in both M's. Strong INV NAT, DISTR(else 3R*) Blackwood, aces
2 • ₽	D Pass 2♠ 2N 3m 3♥* 3♠* 3N 4m/4♠ 4♥*	2 ♥ *	D*	Good defense 4S (but not both maximum and a H stopper) NAT, non-MAX NAT, non MAX MAX, 4♠ + ♥ stopper (3♠ PUP 3N; 4♥ PUP 4♠) or 20⁺ BAL or SEMI-BAL (bid again) MAX, not 4♠, no ♥ stopper OR 20⁺ BAL (bid again) MAX, not 4♠, but has a ♥ stopper NAT, 20⁺ (now 4N is NAT) Huge 3 suiter
2♦ 2♠	D Pass D 2N 3m 3♥ 3♠ 3N 4m/4♥	2♥*	D*	NF (reopening: D = PEN, $3 \neq$ = FG w/ \Rightarrow SPL) PEN (TO to $3 \neq$ = FG w/ \Rightarrow SPL) NAT, non-min NAT, non-min MAX, no \Rightarrow stopper, or 20+ BAL (bid again) NAT, expecting a min of 9 HCP NAT, 20 ⁺ (now 4NT = NAT) Huge 3 suiter
2 ♦ P	D Pass 2N 3m/3 3≜* 3N 4m/4 4♠*		D*	Good Defense NAT, non-MAX NAT, non-MAX MAX, no

2♦ 3♥	D Pass D 3∳ 3N 4x	2♠ *	D*	F, either 14-16 without 4♠, OR 20+ 14-16, 4♠, defensively oriented 14-16, 4♠, offensively oriented NAT, NF (stopper, 15-16) NAT, 14-16, unwilling to defend 3♥ doubled
2♦ 3♥	D Pass	2 ≜ * P	D* D 3♠* 3N* 4♥*	Desire to defend opposite 14-16 FG, no ♥ stopper Takeout (denies 4♠, presumably shows at least 4+♣/4+♦) FG, ♥SPL
2♦ 3♥	D D	2 ≜ * P	D* Pass 3♠/4♠ 3N . 4m . 4♥* .	Desire to defend opposite 14-16 NAT NAT (probably INV values w/ ♥ stopper and not 4♠) NAT, INV (w/ signoff or FG w/ a m, bid 2NT* over 2♠) GF with ♠ some SI
2•	D	3♣	Pass DBL* 3◆* 3♥* 3♠* 3N 4♠	NF Responsive (cooperative takeout) ♥ INV+ TFR (3♠*=CUE, looking for ♣ stopper) ♠ INV+ TFR ♦ INV+ TFR (FG unless doubler bids 4♦) NAT (♣ stopper)
2•	D	3◆	Pass D* 3M 3N 4♣ 4R* 4♠*	NF Responsive (Cooperative TO) FG (perhaps a stretch) NAT (◆ stopper) INV TRF to 4R+1 TRF to ♣
2•	D	3♥*	Pass DBL* 3♠ 3N 4m 4♥* 4♠* 4N*	NF (later: D correction for TO, bid 4♥ NAT) Responsive (Cooperative TO) FG (perhaps a stretch) NAT (♥ stopper) NAT, INV TRF to ♠ TRF to ♠ TRF to ♠

2•	D 3 ∳*	Pass D* 3N 4♣ 4 ◆ * 4 ◆ * 4 ◆ *	NF (later: D correction for TO, bid 4 ▲ NAT) Responsive (Cooperative TO) NAT (♥ stopper) NAT, INV TRF to ♥ TRF to ♥ TRF to ♠ TRF to ♠ (no INV 4 ♠ available)
2•	Pass 2♥*	Pass D 2N/3N 2	NF (later: D of ♠ = TO, 2N=2-suiter, 3x NAT/limited) Takeout of ♥ (LEB advances) NAT (TRF as above) NAT (advance as after DIRECT OC of 2♦) NAT (full value) Intermediate 5+m/5+♠, FG NAT, strong
2♦ P/2♠	Pass 2M* D 2N CUE Suit bids	Pass	TO, could be full value (LEB advances) ♣+♦ (but over 2♠ ♣+♥ or ♦+♥ possible) 2-suiter, good hand but not FG NAT (limited by failure to act over 2♦)
2•	Pass 3M/4	·M* Pass D 3N Others	NF (later D = TO) TO NAT, covers a lot of ground (4 & asks TYPE/TFR advances) NAT
2♦ P	Pass 3♥/4♥* Pass DBL 3♠/4♠* 3N/4N* 4♥* Others		Takeout ♠+m ♣+♦ Stronger than 3♠ (♠+m) Less than immediate suit bids (not very likely)
2• P	Pass 3≜* Pass D 3N* 4♥* Others 4N		TO 2-suiter (PC technique when advancing) ♥ +♣ or ♥ +♦ (stronger than 3NT*) < immediate suit bids (not very likely) ♣ +♦ (stronger than 3NT*)

2♦	Pass 4m*	D	Like a sound OC in that suit (where 4m is ART)
2♦ 4M	Pass 4m* D	Pass	ТО
2•	Pass 2N(INQ)	D	STR at least 4/3 Ms 3x NAT 3N Tricks 4M STR 4m 5+m/5+M, FG
2•	Pass Pass*	? D 2M 2N 3♣ 3 ♠* 3M 3N 4♣* 4 ♠*	[where Pass is random or shows ◆] TO of ◆ or very strong NAT About 15-18 (2N structure to advance) NAT (3 ◆ = ART, 3M = NAT) Some solid suit, no ◆ guard STR Tricks 5+♣/5+M, FG 5+♠/5+M, FG (PEN vs 2 ◆ inadequate)